Notes

- All accents are typed after the base character: ḵ is typed \textit{k} then \textit{Semicolon} ;
- To type the underline accent _ use the \textit{Semicolon key} ;. \textit{g} is typed \textit{g} then \textit{Semicolon} ;. Always use this key to type the underline accent, \textit{never} use your word processor’s underline formatting function.
- To type the acute accent ’ use the \textit{Slash key} /. \textit{á} is typed \textit{a} then \textit{Slash} /.
- To type the grave accent ‘ use the \textit{Shift+Grave key}. \textit{á} is typed \textit{a} then \textit{Shift+Grave}.
- To type the circumflex accent ^ use the \textit{Shift+6 key}. \textit{á} is typed \textit{a} then \textit{Shift+6}.
- All changed punctuation can type their original value by holding down the \textit{Right-Alt} or \textit{Option key}. The \textit{Semicolon} ; is typed \textit{Right-Alt+Semicolon} (Windows) \textit{Option+Semicolon} (Mac).
- Opening and closing quotes. For Mac users, Right-Alt is either of the Option Keys.
  - single: ‘ Left-Bracket — ’ Apostrophe
  - double: “ Shift+Left-Bracket — ” Shift+Right-Bracket
  - single 〈 Right-Alt+Shift+9 — 〉 Right-Alt+Shift+0
  - double « Right-Alt+9 — » Right-Alt+0